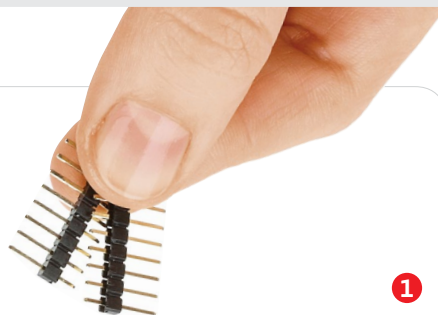


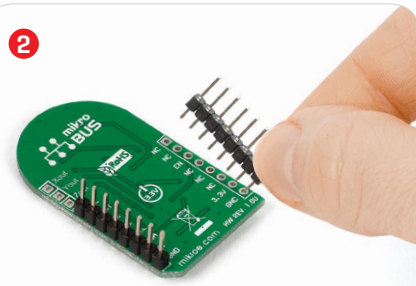
TILT-n-SHAKE click

2. Soldering the headers

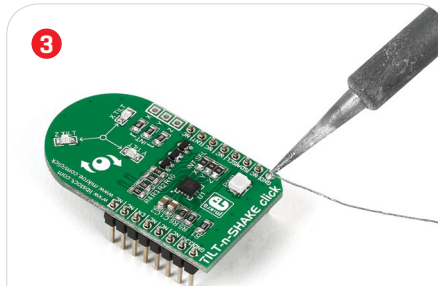
Before using your click board™, make sure to solder 1x8 male headers to both left and right side of the board. Two 1x8 male headers are included with the board in the package.



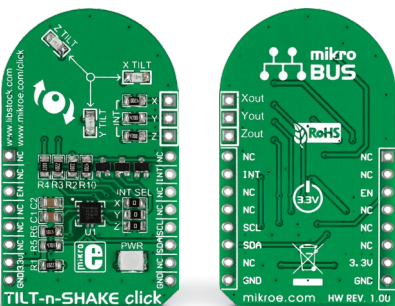
1



Turn the board upside down so that the bottom side is facing you upwards. Place shorter pins of the header into the appropriate soldering pads.

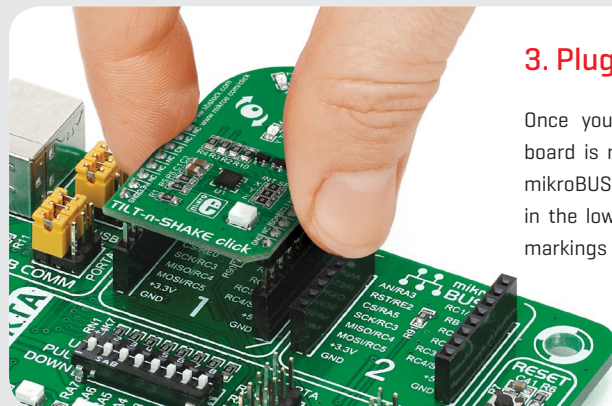


Turn the board upward again. Make sure to align the headers so that they are perpendicular to the board, then solder the pins carefully.



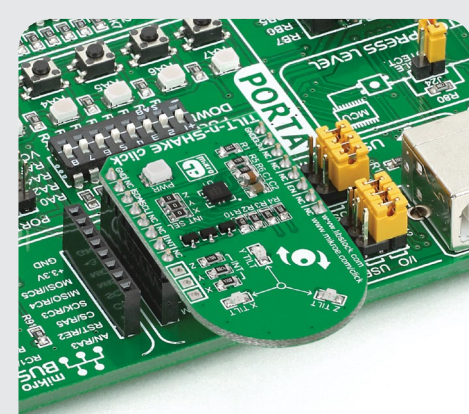
1. Introduction

TILT-n-SHAKE click carries Freescale's MMA8491Q IC. It's a multifunctional 3-axis digital accelerometer that can also be configured as a 45-degree Tilt sensor. As an accelerometer, it communicates with the target MCU through mikroBUS™ I²C pins [SCL, SDA]. When configured as a Tilt sensor, the click board needs only one output pin — INT [interrupt]. TILT-n-SHAKE click is designed to use a 3.3V power supply only.



3. Plugging the board in

Once you have soldered the headers your board is ready to be placed into the desired mikroBUS™ socket. Make sure to align the cut in the lower-right part of the board with the markings on the silkscreen at the mikroBUS™ socket. If all the pins are aligned correctly, push the board all the way into the socket.



4. Essential features

To use TILT-n-SHAKE click as an accelerometer, keep the enable pin [EN] pulled to logic high. The 14-bit digital output has over ±8g full-scale range with 1 mg/LSB sensitivity, and a fast output time of about 700 microseconds. As a tilt sensor, the MMA8491Q has three detection outputs, one for each axis: Xout, Yout and Zout. Three onboard LEDs will also signal the tilt orientation.

click
BOARD™
www.mikroe.com



TILTnSHAKE click manual
ver 1.00



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